Chris Bray ~ 4,23,2019

S.113, Single-Use Plastics and Polystyrene

PURPOSE: environmental management of a problematic pollutant, plastics

STRATEGY: We reduce the use of plastics, including single-use plastic carryout bags, single-use plastic straws, and expanded polystyrene (e.g. foam "peanuts," foam cups)

MEANS: add new subchapter to Title 10, Conservation and Development

MODELS: Based on programs in Vermont (Brattleboro) and 116 other jurisdictions, including US and countries around the world

	Things the bill does 4 things:	How?	
1	Regulates the use of carryout bags, creating two categories: single-use, andreusable	 prohibits use of plastic less than 2.25 mils allows paper less than 2.25 mils but also requires a 5¢ charge 	
2	Regulates the use of single-use plastic straws	 prohibits the sale or provision of a single-use plastic straw, except upon request 	
3	Regulates the use of expanded polystyrene food service products (EPS FSP)	 prohibits a person from selling or offering for sale EPS FSP prohibits a store of food service establishment from providing food or beverages in EPS FSP allows EPS FSP packaging if the product will be distributed out of state 	
4	Establishes a Single-Use Products Working Group to examine solid waste issues and make recommendations to the legislature	 establishes an 11-member committee; defines charge; requires report by 12/1/19 	

S.113 — Reducing the Use of Single-Use Plastics

PURPOSE: environmental management of a problematic pollutant, plastics

STRATEGY: reduce the use of single-use plastic carryout bags, single-use plastic straws, and single-use expanded polystyrene food service products (e.g. "foam" cups and food containers)

MEANS: add new subchapter to Title 10, Conservation and Development

MODELS: Based on programs in Vermont (Brattleboro) and 116 other jurisdictions, including US and countries around the world

	The bill does four things	How?	In what locations?	Also worth noting
	Regulates the use of carryout bags, creating two categories: single-use, and reusable 	 prohibits use of plastic less than 2.25 mils allows paper less than 2.25 mils but also requires a charge of not less than 5¢ 	 stores food service establishments 	Plastic or paper carryout bags can be provided at no charge, but they must be "reusable" — that is, with handles and made of cloth; with handles and made of woven polypropylene; or with handles and a durable plastic bag of at least 2.25 mils Single-use paper is still allowed, but stores and food service establishments must charge not less than 5 cents per bag, which is retained by the store.
2	Regulates the use of single- use plastic straws	 prohibits the sale or provision of a single-use plastic straw, except upon request 	food service establishments	
3	Regulates the use of single- use expanded polystyrene food service products (EPS FSP)	 prohibits a person from selling or offering for sale EPS FSP prohibits a store of food service establishment from providing food or beverages in EPS FSP allows EPS FSP packaging if the product will be distributed out of state 	 persons (e.g. supplier) stores & food service establishments persons (eg. food processor or packer) 	EFFECTIVE DATE for these sections (1, 2, 3) is July 1, 2020 In Section §6697 rulemaking is established to assist with implementing the provisions of this new subchapter.
4	Establishes a Single-Use Products Working Group to examine solid waste issues and make recommendations to the legislature	 establishes an 11-member committee; defines charge; requires report by 12/1/19 		 Working group assesses single use products solid waste management, costs, and impacts; group may also look at PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP, aka Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR)